



Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

Overview of Release 2.3

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Session Objectives

- High-level tutorial on CPE
- Focus on latest release: CPE 2.3
- Describe the problem that CPE solves
- Provide examples of CPE names, CPE applicability language statements
- Illustrate the name matching procedure
- Discuss key challenges and next steps

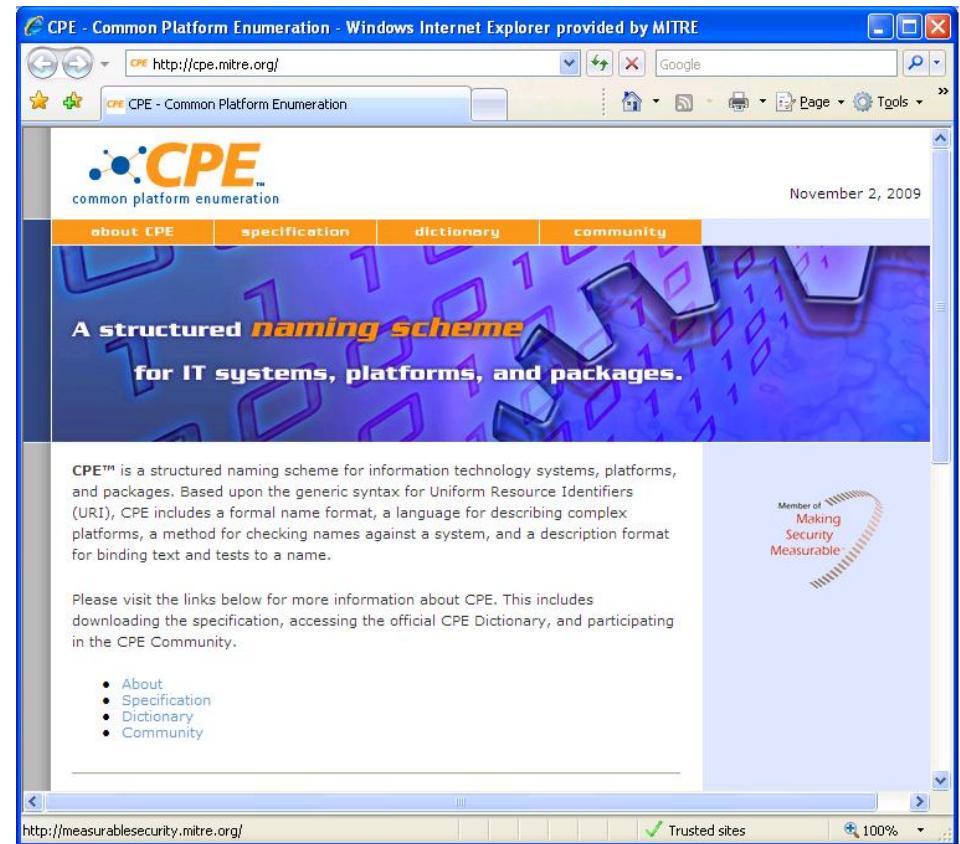
What is CPE?

■ CPE is:

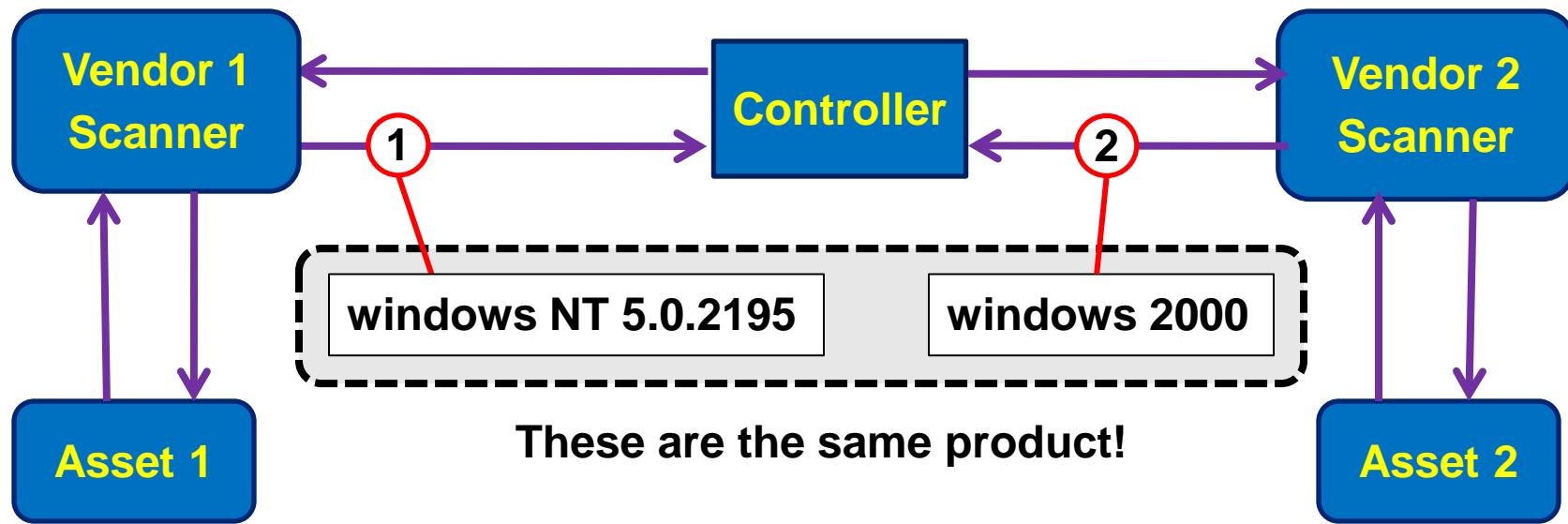
- A MITRE-led open standard
- A structured naming scheme for IT products
- Enabling technology for security automation

■ CPE encompasses:

- Two prescribed name formats
- An authoritative dictionary of vetted, approved names
- Algorithms for comparing names
- A language for describing complex platforms



What Problem Does CPE Solve?



Interoperable IT Product Names

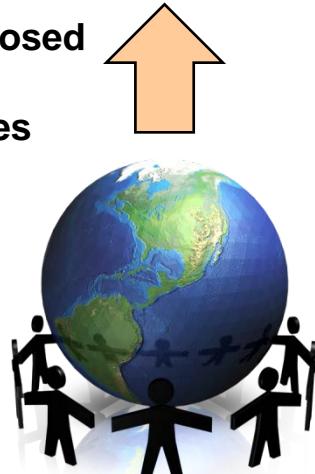
How Does CPE Solve the Problem?



NIST NVD



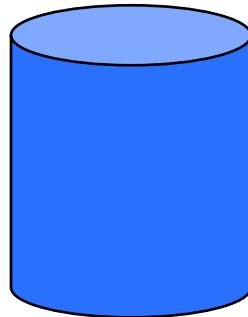
Proposed
new
names



CPE Community

CPE Dictionary

Approved
names

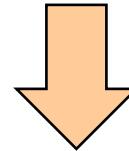


Published
names

35K+ CPE Names
Oct 2011

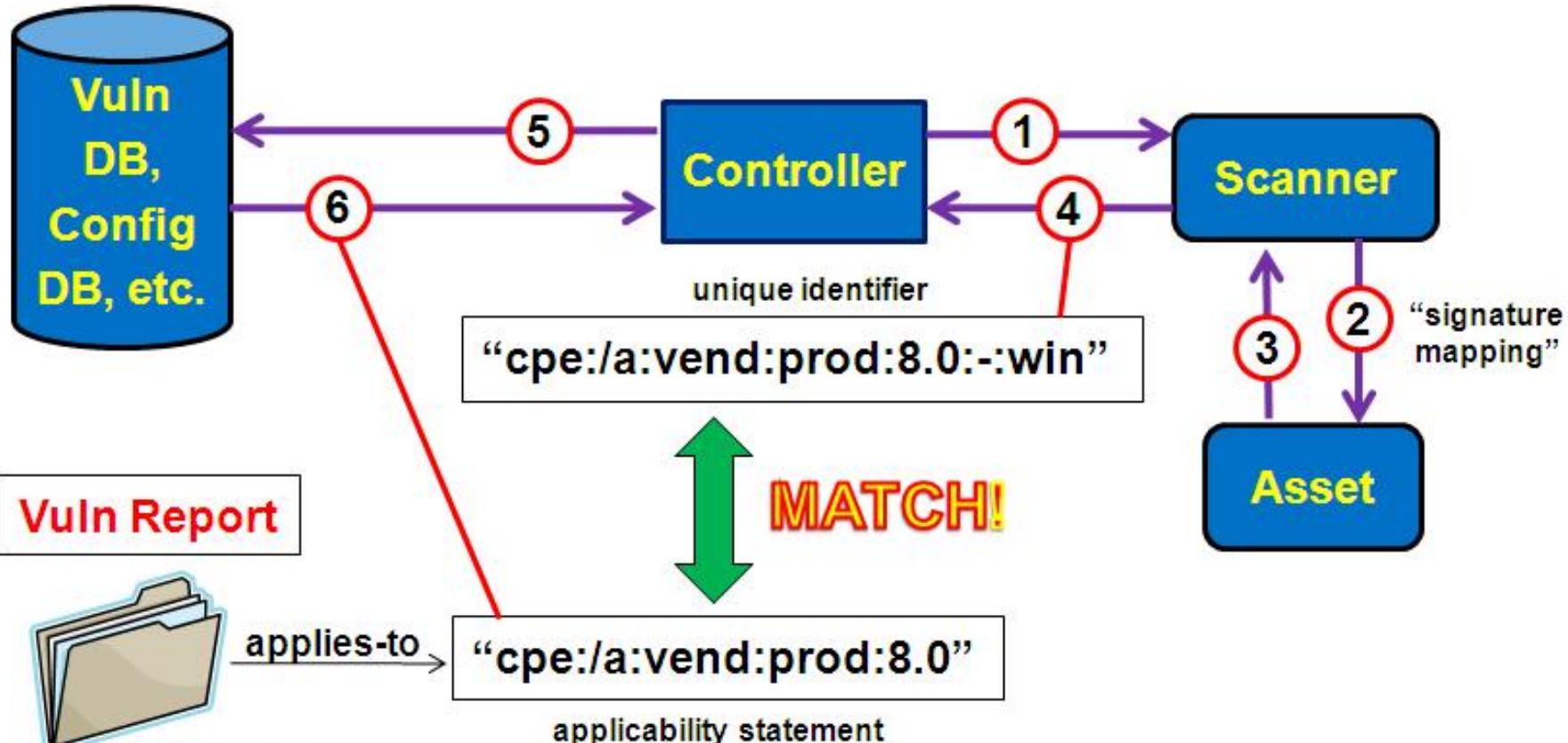
Adoption
Drives
Success

CPE Adopters



Products

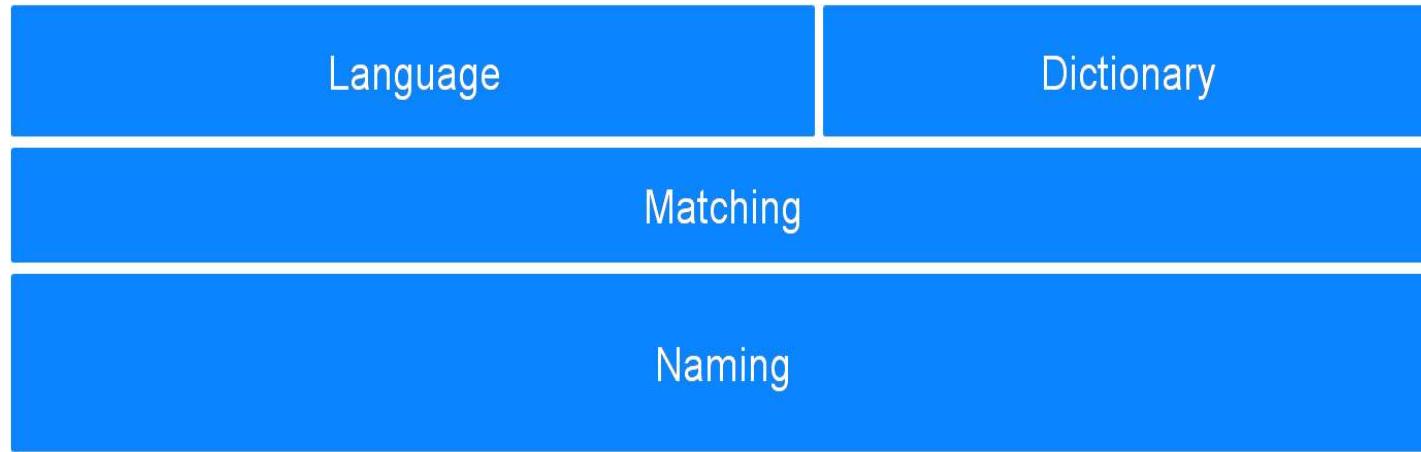
CPE Use Case Example



State of the Standard

- CPE is in a transition period
- CPE 2.3 is the current version
 - Specified by four NIST Interagency Reports (August 2011)
 - NIST IR 7695—Naming
 - NIST IR 7696—Matching
 - NIST IR 7697—Dictionary
 - NIST IR 7698—Applicability Language
 - Required in SCAP 1.2
- CPE 2.2 continues to be supported
 - Specification published in March 2009
 - Required in SCAP 1.0, 1.1

CPE 2.3 Specification Stack



- **Modular**
- **Easier to maintain**
- **Easier to extend**
- **More flexible w/r/t specifying conformance requirements**

Naming Specification Overview



- **NIST IR 7695 specifies the basic concepts and syntax of CPE names**

- **Defines the Well-Formed Name (WFN) and two allowed bindings**
 - **URI binding**
 - **Formatted string binding**

- **Specifies mechanical procedures for translating between binding forms**

Matching Specification Overview



- **NIST IR 7696 specifies the procedures for comparing two Well-Formed Names and determining the relationship between them**
 - EQUAL
 - SUBSET
 - SUPERSET
 - DISJOINT

Dictionary Specification Overview



- **NIST IR 7697 specifies the Dictionary data model, requirements for Dictionary creation and maintenance, and basic concepts for Dictionary operation**

Language Specification Overview



NIST Interagency Report 7698

Common Platform Enumeration: Applicability Language Specification Version 2.3

David Waltermire
Paul Cichonski
Karen Scarfone

- **NIST IR 7698 specifies a language for creating and using “applicability language statements”**

- **Enables the definition of a “platform” as a structure of ANDs, ORs and NOTs of CPE names**

CPE 2.3 Significant Changes (1/2)



■ Naming:

- Adds four new name attributes
- Defines the Well-Formed Name and two allowed "bindings"
 - URI (v2.2-style) and Formatted String
- Specifies procedures for binding and unbinding
- Lays foundation for limited use of wildcards for name matching

■ Matching:

- Defines attribute- and name-level matching separately
- Allows unordered comparison of attribute-value pairs
 - Eliminates version 2.2 “prefix property”
- Enables limited matching with single- and multi-character wildcards

CPE 2.3 Significant Changes (2/2)



■ Dictionary:

- Extends the data model to allow both URI and formatted string name bindings
- Defines name acceptability criteria, including name completeness and uniqueness
- Defines dictionary entry provenance and the deprecation process
- Defines required dictionary management documents
- Opens the door to “extended CPE dictionaries”

■ Applicability Language:

- Adds support for formatted string binding
- Adds the `cpe:check-fact-ref` element which allows calls to external checking systems such as OVAL

CPE 2.3 Name Attributes

- part
- vendor
- product
- version
- update
- edition
- language

Carried over from CPE 2.2

- sw_edition
- target_sw
- target_hw
- other

New in CPE 2.3

CPE 2.3 Name Examples

■ (Application) Microsoft Office 2007 Professional Service Pack 2

- URI: cpe:/a:microsoft:office:2007:sp2:professional
- FS: cpe:2.3:a:microsoft:office:2007:sp2:-:*:professional:***:*

■ (Operating System) Microsoft Windows 7 64-bit Service Pack 1

- URI: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_7:-:sp1:x64
- FS: cpe:2.3:o:microsoft:windows_7:-:sp1:-:***:x64:*

■ (Hardware) 3Com Router 3012

- URI: cpe:/h:3com:3c13612
- FS: cpe:2.3:h:3com:3c13612:-:***:***:***:***:*

CPE 2.3 Applicability Language Example



```
<cpe:platform id="789">  
  <cpe:title>  
    Microsoft Windows XP with Internet Explorer 7.x or 8.x  
  </cpe:title>  
  <cpe:logical-test operator="AND" negate="FALSE">  
    <cpe:fact-ref  
      name="cpe:2.3:o:microsoft:windows_xp:*****:*****:*****"/>  
    <cpe:logical-test operator="OR" negate="FALSE">  
      <cpe:fact-ref  
        name="cpe:2.3:a:microsoft:internet_explorer:7.*:*****:*****:*****"/>  
      <cpe:fact-ref  
        name="cpe:2.3:a:microsoft:internet_explorer:8.*:*****:*****:*****"/>  
    </cpe:logical-test>  
  </cpe:logical-test>  
</cpe:platform>
```

CPE 2.3 Name Matching: Overview



- All matching algorithms specified in terms of WFNs
 - So matching is agnostic to binding
- Specified functions:
 - `Compare_WFNs(source, target)`
 - Pairwise compares source attribute values to target attribute values
 - Returns a table of results
 - `CPE_x(source, target)`
 - x one of EQUAL, DISJOINT, SUBSET, SUPERSET
 - Compares a source WFN to a target WFN and returns TRUE if the set-theoretic relation holds between source and target

CPE 2.3 Name Matching: Attribute-Level Comparison



Source WFN

```
wfn:[part="o", vendor="microsoft", product="windows_?",  
version=ANY, update=ANY, edition=ANY, language="en\us",  
software_edition="home*", target_sw=NA, target_hw="x64",  
other=NA]
```

Target WFN

```
wfn:[part="o", vendor="microsoft", product="windows_7",  
version="6\.1", update="sp1", edition=ANY, language="en\us",  
software_edition="home_basic", target_sw=NA, target_hw="x32",  
other=ANY]
```



Compare_WFNs(source, target)

Attrib	Part	Vendor	Product	Version	Sw_ed	Tgt_sw	Tgt_hw	Other
Src	o	microsoft	windows_?	ANY	home*	NA	x64	NA
Tgt	o	microsoft	windows_7	6\.1	home_basic	NA	x32	ANY
Result	=	=	⊃	⊃	⊃	=	≠	⊂

CPE 2.3 Name Matching: Name Comparison Table



No.	If Attribute Relation Set =	Then Name Comparison Relation
1	If any attribute relation is DISJOINT (\neq)	Then CPE name relation is DISJOINT(\neq)
2	If all attribute relations are EQUAL (=)	Then CPE name relation is EQUAL (=)
3	If all attribute relations are SUBSET (\subset) or EQUAL (=)	Then CPE name relation is SUBSET(\subset)
4	If all attribute relations are SUPERSET (\supset) or EQUAL (=)	Then CPE name relation is SUPERSET (\supset)

CPE 2.3 Name Matching: Name-Level Results

CPE_DISJOINT=TRUE, CPE_EQUAL=FALSE

Attrib	Part	Vendor	Product	Version	Sw_ed	Tgt_sw	Tgt_hw	Other
Src	o	microsoft	windows_?	ANY	home*	NA	x64	NA
Tgt	o	microsoft	windows_7	6\1	home_basic	NA	x32	ANY
Result	=	=	⊃	⊃	⊃	=	≠	⊂

CPE_SUPERSET=TRUE (equivalent to v2.2 CPE_NAME_MATCH)

Attrib	Part	Vendor	Product	Version	Sw_ed	Tgt_sw	Tgt_hw	Other
Src	o	microsoft	windows_?	ANY	home*	NA	x64	NA
Tgt	o	microsoft	windows_7	6\1	home_basic	NA	x64	NA
Result	=	=	⊃	⊃	⊃	=	=	=

Open Issues and Challenges

- **CPE does not solve the “signature mapping problem”**
 - Left to vendors to determine which CPEs are installed on a given computing asset
 - A serious concern for asset inventory tool vendors
- **CPE Dictionary maintenance is costly and error prone**
 - A need-driven human-in-the-loop process driven by community submissions of candidate names
- **Many community needs cannot be addressed without a major release which may break backwards compatibility**
 - Representing relationships, e.g., part-of, next-version, ...
 - Representing roles, e.g., server, client, domain-controller, ...
 - Supporting needs of non-credentialed scanners

What's Next?

- **Support roll-out of CPE 2.3 Dictionary at NIST**
 - Document all dictionary management procedures and naming guidelines
 - Convert all 2.2 URI names to 2.3 formatted strings
 - Build infrastructure to provide simultaneous support for CPE 2.2 and 2.3 dictionaries
- **MITRE working with TagVault.org to explore use of “software identification tags” to link installed applications to their CPE names**
 - See ISO/IEC 19770-2 for further information on software ID tagging

To Learn More

- CPE home page at MITRE:

- <http://cpe.mitre.org>

- CPE home page at NIST:

- <http://nvd.nist.gov/cpe.cfm>

- CPE 2.3 Specifications:

- <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistir/ir7695/NISTIR-7695-CPE-Naming.pdf>
 - <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistir/ir7696/NISTIR-7696-CPE-Matching.pdf>
 - <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistir/ir7697/NISTIR-7697-CPE-Dictionary.pdf>
 - <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/nistir/ir7698/NISTIR-7698-CPE-Language.pdf>

Q&A

